A few days ago Pima Indians broke in the house of Sen. and Mrs. C. T. Hayden, about two miles below Whittlow's station, while the proprietors were off at work. The raiders therefrom the blanket clothing, cooking utensils, and everything the poor fellows had....

Charles T. Hayden left his home at Hayden Ferry on the 24th ult., in company with his cousin, three Americans and three Mexicans, for the purpose of prospecting along Salt river for timber and water. They proceeded directly to McDowell, as Mr. Hayden had an order from the Surveyor Gen. of Pub. Works to make an impression upon visitors from Europe, if the President persists in converting the whole affair into a political machine for promoting his own personal ends and those of his supporters for a third term.

If ONLY ONE HALF OF THE PEOPLE ARE REPRESENTED ON THE COMMISSION, the celebration cannot, in any true sense of the world, be called national, and will not be so regarded, either by unrepresented Americans or by foreigners. To secure the hearty sympathy of the masses, the aid of capitalists, the co-operation of the entire press of the country, the presence of a number of foreign exhibitors, and the attention and respect of the governments and people of the entire civilized world to secure these essentials to success, the American press must take the lead at the start, and politically, that it will not recognize a "NATIONAL CELEBRATION" TO BE ENGINEERED FOR PARTY PURPOSES.

If there is one thing more than another that the American people wish, or ought to wish, to impress upon the world, it is the possibility of men and women of the most opposite views on religions, moral, social and political questions—men and women of different races, creeds, and kinds and from different cultures, including the entirely uneducated and the often fearful, to live under the same government in comparative harmony, simply by agreement. What was accomplished by quietly omitting for stated periods, to the arbitrations of a fairly ascertained majority in anything and everything, would be far more desirable for the public to grasp this aim, than to stultify the efforts of the thermometer should not be taken as an index of our climate, the salubrity of which is due to the dryness of the air. When its excellence in this respect shall have become more widely known, Yuma will be the Mecca that will attract great numbers of invalids to it who are afflicted with pulmonary complaints.

The fine physical development of the aborigines seen in our streets is remarkable. We notice, every day, Yuma indians of six feet stature and straight as arrows, with eagle eyes, keenly taut, and heads turberaud with mud; they go barefooted too, and gird up their loins with strips of gaudy calico. Now, these need civilizing; they are too robust, which is due, we suppose, to the fact that they rarely get on a bust. —As for their dusky helpmates, we can select from a dozen gathered at random, at least three who would not suffer by a comparison with a De Medici—barring their color, which is what we beg to leave to denominate a "Joan Miller brown." These Yuma feminines are endowed with the dignity of queens, which comes natural to them; and their hazel eyes, which they use to perfection, smiling faces, happy dispositions, dressed in frocks of willow-bark, make an attractive picture, worthy the attention of an artist. A careful inquiry into the causes that have produced such splendid organisms, develops the fact that they live on mesquite beans and a preparation from wheat and corn called pinole, rated flowers of the Maguery plant, rabbits and government rations; varied with chipaunaks and prairie-dogs au naturelle. They are noted for their pleasant dispositions, and have few superstitions. The Yumas have kept their treaty for twenty-five years, and kept it well.

The reported attack upon Sheriff Matlip and Deputy Bond, who on the 3rd inst., was fully investigated by officers sent from Whipple and Verde and turned out to have been a false alarm, occasioned by their presence near the road which they cross in the limits of their Reservation, of two Apache boys, who were part of a detachment out hunting by permission. —Citizen.

THE ARIZONA SENTINEL—SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1873.

YUMA, A. T.

SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1873.

Territorial News.

From the Miner of June 14th.

THE WALLAUP DISTRICT contains many mining districts than anything ever seen in any other mining district yet discovered in the world. In this instance, we challenge comparison by exhibition of certificates of assaying received from ores shipped to San Francisco. We have the largest mining district ever discovered, and our ores, tested by the most competent assayers, show a higher percentage of the precious metals than those from any other locality.

Condolements from the Citizen, 23rd inst.

Moore & Carr had put on four-horse team on the Tucson & Maricopa Wells; the mails and passengers arrived on the evenings previous to the morning when they had been arrived ---Ores are being smelted at the new forge in the neighborhood of the mines ---Arcole McIntosh, Indian ally of the whites, had arrived at Tucson with ten Arivapa Apaches, and had left for Grant. The work of building the new post at Tucson was progressing slowly.

A Mexican named Miguel Aldecoa had been arrested and jailed on suspicion of having murdered R. E. C. H., near Hayden's store. . . . The Tucson custom-house had been removed to Ouray's building. Messrs. Jewett & Company's store in the different counties show that the school interest is well sustained. A school census has been taken in every county in the Territory. Preparations for building school houses are being made in nearly every district, and notwithstanding the warm weather all work is progressing steadily. Maricopa counties are still in operation. A school house at Pres-cott is near the wall, and a teacher from California is soon expected to open the school. Never were a people struggling under adverse circumstances to educate the rising generation than are the people of Arizona. The public schools are of the highest order and are progressing with the satisfaction and joyfulness it returns. He has "developed a floor" of charity for the use of the pupils, and has a recital in the short space of two months; and closes a record of the peculiar excellence of the system, in the inestimable quality of its products, in the absence of other schools, that has very much extended beyond the confines of the State and concurred in.

THE VIENNA SCANDAL causes a good deal of annoyance to Americans who propose to pass the summer in Europe. No one pretends to know the truth of the matter; but the fact that men appointed to honorable positions by the President, and so thrust, as representative Americans, into the society of European gentlemen, are even accused by cooks and waiters of swindling them, must be mortifying to American travelers in Europe. It is these repeated blunders of the President which, in his appearance, if, that cause thoughtful men to doubt the success of the Centennial Celebration.

Notwithstanding the fact that the thermometer has ranged between 90 and 109 degrees at Yuma during the last month, we have not been inconvenienced by the heat, and the nights have been rendered cool by the Gulf-breeze that reaches us by seven or eight o'clock in the evening. Easterners and others not acquainted with the peculiar uniformity and dryness of this region, naturally enough conclude that so great a degree of heat as the thermometer indicates during four months of the year, must necessarily produce sun-stroke, and render this an extremely unhealthy place in which to live, so prone are they to the other localities by the summers of their own sections; but the contrary is the case. Teamsters, miners and others engaged in constant and arduous labor out of doors at all hours of the day during the heated term, suffer no diminution in flesh, and lose no strength by perspiring, but continue to be hearty and strong. Of diseases incident to the region there are none, hence the summers of the thermometer should not be taken as an index of our climate, the salubrity of which is due to the dryness of the air. When its excellence in this respect shall have become more widely known, Yuma will be the Mecca that will attract great numbers of invalids to it who are afflicted with pulmonary complaints.
SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1873

Territorial News.

From the Miner of June 14th.

A few days ago Plima Indians broke into the house of Bear & Link, which is about two miles below Whitlow's station, while the proprietors were off at work and stole therefrom the blankets, clothing, cooking utensils, and everything the poor fellows had.

Charles T. Hayden left his home at Hayden Ferry on the 24th ult., in company with his cousin, three Americans and three Mexicans, for the purpose of prospecting along Salt river for timber suitable to saw into lumber. The party took 10 or 15 days' provisions with them, expecting to be back in 15 days at farthest. They proceeded directly to McDowell, as Mr. Hayden had an order from Gen. Crook for an escort, but left that place the next day without an escort and with but eight days' provisions. They have not been heard from since....